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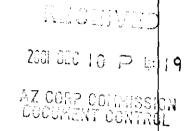
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BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

WILLIAM A. MUNDELL Chairman

JAMES M. IRVIN Commissioner

MARC SPITZER Commissioner Arizona Corporation Commission

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IN THE MATTER OF U S WEST COMMUNICATIONS, INC.'S COMPLIANCE WITH § 271 OF THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1996 Docket No. T-00000A-97-0238

RESPONSE OF WORLDCOM, INC. TO LIBERTY CONSULTING GROUP'S AUDIT REPORT

WorldCom, Inc., on behalf of its regulated subsidiaries, ("WorldCom") submits the following comments on the data reconciliation process conducted by Liberty Consulting Group ("Liberty").

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A. INTRODUCTION

Liberty conducted an audit of Qwest's performance measures for the regional oversight committee ("ROC"). As an extension to the audit, and through its Change Request process, the ROC requested that Liberty conduct a "data validation to resolve any debates concerning the accuracy of performance data emanating from particular ROC PIDs." Liberty was subsequently requested to include Arizona within the scope of its data reconciliation work. These comments address the report that provides the results of Liberty's review of Arizona data.

B. SPECIFIC COMMENTS

I. Introduction

Liberty states on page 1 of its report that "Liberty has determined that the objective for the data reconciliation process solicited by the ROC should be to answer the following question: Does any of the information provided by the participating CLECs demonstrate inaccuracy in Qwest's reporting of performance results under the measures defined in the PID?" A more appropriate question is: "Does any of the information provided from CLECs and Qwest after being completely and thoroughly analyzed by Liberty Consulting demonstrate inaccuracy in Qwest's reporting of performance results under the measures defined in the PID?"

The reconciliation should not only make decisions on the information provided by CLECs to disprove Qwest, but must also take into account information received from



Qwest and findings by Liberty in the process of conducting the reconciliation. For example, Liberty will be issuing an exception regarding OP-15. The reasons for that exception were not the result of information provided by CLECs, but rather the result of Liberty's review of Qwest's information during the data reconciliation.

Liberty states that it started this data reconciliation test with a significantly greater familiarity with the structure and nature of the Qwest data, with which Liberty worked extensively during earlier audit activities. However, Liberty acknowledged that gaining a similar kind of familiarity with CLEC data structure and content formed a more significant than expected part of this test. While during the course of its data reconciliation test work Liberty was able to match a significant portion of the apparently contradictory data presented by CLECs and Qwest, discrepancies remained very large even after the matching of data was completed.

Liberty found that Qwest and a CLEC interpreted requirements differently or had different understandings of how interactions with Qwest or the information resulting from them should be treated. While Liberty states it did not seek to determine who was right and who was wrong, or who reflected the better practice, the effect of its determinations are to determine that Qwest was right where CLECs did not prove Qwest to be wrong. In



the case of data discrepancies, Liberty required an affirmative showing of Qwest error or omission before issuing an exception or observation.¹

II. Overall Summary of Findings

The results of Liberty's Arizona data reconciliation work should influence decisions about the scope and methods of the remaining data reconciliation work for Arizona. Liberty found that Qwest did make some errors that affected performance results. Regardless of whether Qwest purposely took steps to make its performance results appear better than it actually was or whether errors appeared to be honest mistakes, there were errors that impacted the performance results and demonstrated inaccuracies in Owest's results.

Liberty should capture all of these issues in the observation and exception process as outlined in paragraph 5 of the data reconciliation process.² However, Liberty has only discussed one observation for OP-15 being created out of the entire data reconciliation process. What is the basis for Liberty's conclusion that those errors were generally either (a) of the kind and at levels to be expected at the front end of the performance measurement process, where people must manually enter vast amounts of information, or (b) appeared to be honest errors in judgment?

¹ See, Section III.c, supra.

² Paragraph 5 states: If the source of a discrepancy is Qwest and that discrepancy points to some problem with Qwest's raw data, the auditor shall create an Exception/Observation per the Exception and Observation process used in the ROC OSS test. In the Exception/Observation, the auditor will make recommendations as to whether the identified deficiency is likely to affect multiple services and/or multiple CLECs. The auditor will also identify what it believes is the period of time that Qwest may have been producing questionable performance results.

Liberty also stated that the amount of these errors in relation to the total amount of information required for the performance measures did not exceed what Liberty considers to be expected levels, even under a carefully operated set of measurement activities. What is Liberty's objective standard for its expected levels of performance by Qwest and upon what does it base this conclusion?

Liberty has also publicly been under constant pressure from Qwest to finish the reconciliation report in Arizona and other states. Moreover, Qwest now seeks to terminate the data reconciliation in other states based on its Arizona findings. Such pressure and the failure to follow the observation and exception process, gives the appearance that Liberty succumbed to Qwest's pressure to finish the report rather than pursue further investigations where appropriate under its own data reconciliation process described in the report.³

III. Results of Data Reconciliation – AT&T – Use of Reference Date

Several performance measures use the number of orders completed in the reporting period as the denominator. Liberty's review during the performance measures audit showed that records are updated close to the time of the activity involved, such as completion; however, there is usually a lag of a couple of days. Qwest's service order database does not contain a real-time picture of service order activity. If the performance measures used only the report month, Qwest could miss a substantial amount of activity.

³ See, Pages 1 and 2 of the Liberty Data Reconciliation Report.



Liberty notes that Qwest solved this potential problem by calculating measures for records in which the database reference date is the reporting month. This method may cause orders that are completed in one month to be reported in a later calendar month. As noted by Liberty, this reference date issue affects all products.

Using the reference date instead of the actual completion date does not truly match the PID denominator that refers to "total orders <u>completed</u> in the reporting period," thereby producing different results from month-to-month based on Qwest's reference date instead of the actual completion date. Qwest should collect the data 3 or 4 days after the end of the month to account for the lag and report on the actual completion date as stated in the PID. Qwest currently uses this reporting lag in the monthly service performance reports received by WorldCom from the Qwest account team

IV. Results of Data Reconciliation - WorldCom

A couple of points clarification on the scope of work associated with WorldCom are appropriate here. Liberty states that the scope of work associated with WorldCom included "2-wire unbundled loop analog." WorldCom clarifies that the scope included only unbundled analog loops. Also, Liberty provided WorldCom with two confidential order specific spreadsheets analyzing each order. The second spreadsheet which addresses UBL (AZ OP-3 UBL WCOM) has an incorrect heading. Liberty correctly starts with January on pages 1 and 2 with the heading for "UBL." However, for the remaining months on pages 3-17, the heading refers to "LIS" instead of the appropriate "UBL."



In addition to the issues addressed above, WorldCom has a number of concerns with Liberty's findings. Most notably is the percentage of orders that are inconclusive or have contradictory data. WorldCom is concerned with Liberty's conclusion on page 3 that "This success in data matching was important, but the discrepancies remained very large even after it was completed."

Liberty did not apply the same standard in determining whether Liberty's findings where inconclusive or not. Liberty provided WorldCom with the confidential order specific spreadsheets analyzing each order. Under the category titled "Orders Qwest included in the denominator but WCOM did not," Liberty's analysis states:

Qwest reported this order as a miss in January. WCOM did not get the matching PON number from Qwest to research the order. Therefore, WCOM did not provide any information that demonstrates Qwest's treatment of the order was incorrect.⁴ (Emphasis supplied.)

Of the WorldCom orders investigated by Liberty, 33 orders were categorized as not incorrect because WorldCom had not demonstrated that Qwest's treatment was incorrect.

However, in the reverse situation under the category "Orders WCOM included in the denominator but Qwest did not," Liberty's analysis states:

Qwest could not locate the order with the information provided. Subsequently, a WCOM service order has been provided to Qwest. No reply from Qwest. *Information available on this order is inconclusive*. ⁵ (Emphasis supplied.)

⁴ See, WorldCom's confidential spreadsheet under OP-3 LIS Trunks Arizona WorldCom January 2001, #12.

⁵ See, WorldCom's confidential spreadsheet under OP-3 LIS Trunks Arizona WorldCom February 2001, #30.



In addition, for other orders, Liberty found the two companies' data "conflicting" and made no conclusions. There were 10 WorldCom orders declared by Liberty to be "inconclusive" or "conflicting" for which no conclusions were drawn. Why is it "inconclusive" when WorldCom provides the service order to Qwest and there is no reply from Qwest; however, when WorldCom does not receive a PON number from Qwest to even be able to research the order Liberty states, "WCOM did not provide any information that demonstrates Qwest's treatment of the order was incorrect"? This appears to be applying two and possibly three different standards – all of which benefit Qwest.

Immediately after receiving Liberty's first data request WorldCom made several requests to Qwest to obtain PONs. WorldCom even had to seek Liberty's help in order to get Qwest to provide some of the necessary PON information to track these orders. After approximately one week Qwest eventually was willing to provide WorldCom with some of the needed PON information. Qwest's initial response was that it would not provide the PON information. This left WorldCom wondering how seriously Qwest was taking the reconciliation process.

A second major concern is the percent of the total where Liberty found Qwest to be incorrect. Liberty states on page 18 of WorldCom's analysis that it found Qwest was incorrect less than 5 percent for LIS trunks and less than 2 percent for UBL orders. This means that approximately 6-7% of the time Qwest was found to be incorrect. This is a fairly significant percentage and does not seem to support Liberty's general conclusion on page 17 that "Liberty's reconsolidation process confirmed the existence and generally



appropriate use of Qwest's systems to produce accurate OP-3 and OP-4 measurement for WCom."

Liberty's analysis shows that Qwest's errors related to lack of support for a customer-caused miss or that the commitment date did not appear to be met as reported by Qwest, which are critical concerns that WorldCom specifically and other CLECs in general have about Qwest's ability to appropriately produce accurate results and the need for such data reconciliation audits.

The third issue relates to a number of orders in February 2001 that were in dispute where Qwest included orders and WorldCom disagreed with the order number. The WorldCom PON showed a different order number than Qwest showed for the identical PON. Liberty indicated that Qwest's "reporting of the performance measure properly accounted for this order." Since the order numbers did not agree, Liberty should have refrained from making any conclusions.

In addition, regarding Qwest's order N00422776, Liberty allowed an order that was completed in July 2000 (outside the scope of this data reconciliation) to be included in the performance measure based on the fact that Qwest "initiated a 'clean-up' activity of pending orders." Both companies agreed the order was completed July 26, 2000. Liberty

⁶ See, WorldCom's confidential spreadsheet under OP-3 UBL Arizona WorldCom

February 2001, #67-75.

See WorldCom's confidential spreadsheet under OP-3 UBL Arizona WorldCom January 2001, #16.



gives no explanation for including this order other than Qwest decided to do some housecleaning.

V. Future Owest Data Reconciliation

Liberty states that its data reconciliation work in Arizona showed that a small number of reasons explained a relatively large percentage of the differences. Liberty also notes that CLECs may not agree with Qwest on matters such as the definition of service order completion, Qwest's practice of making records ineligible because of customer changes to due dates, or closing trouble tickets simply because the wrong circuit had been identified. Nevertheless, these kinds of issues are the main reasons why results were so disparate. In addition, Liberty stated that there may be differences in the ways that Qwest performs in various parts of its region.

Liberty must completely and accurately determine whether Qwest is complying with the PID requirements. Whether the differences can be explained, or may be the result of the different ways that Qwest performs in various regions, the criteria upon which Qwest must be judged is found in the PIDs and the formulas must control how Qwest collects and uses data in calculating performance results. That is what Liberty should be investigating.

Finally, Liberty states it will be issuing an exception report on performance measure OP-15, which applied to about half of the LIS Trunk service orders. Liberty also stated that the problem could exist (for the period being reconciled) for designed services other than LIS Trunks. Accordingly, Liberty recommended that an investigation would be



appropriate to determine exactly the full range of products affected, and the months involved. WorldCom agrees that a further investigation is absolutely appropriate and should be conducted by Liberty to determine the full range of products affected, and the months involved, and produce the necessary exceptions or observations.

C. CONCLUSION

The information provided in Liberty's report demonstrates material errors and inaccuracies by Qwest on how Qwest reported its performance. Qwest should be held responsible and accountable for these errors. Liberty should use the observation and exception process to investigate the errors discovered. In addition, the Commission must be advised of the actions that Qwest will take to correct these material issues so as to ensure accurate reporting under the performance measures on an ongoing basis.

RESPECTFULLY submitted this 10th day of December, 2001.

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